

Expanding Tesla's Fleet to the Skys

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Links

- [Official Website](#) (Tesla 2025)
- [Annual Reports and Investor Relations](#) (Tesla 2025)
- [2019 Impact Report \(PDF\)](#) (Tesla 2025)

History

Tesla was founded in 2003 to challenge the automotive industry's reliance on fossil fuels by producing high-performance, sustainable electric vehicles. The company quickly evolved to address broader energy challenges, launching products such as solar panels, battery storage Powerwall™, and expanding globally via vertically integrated factories. Tesla's approach is rooted in first-principles engineering, driving rapid innovation and expansion into new markets (Tesla 2025).

Mission Statement

“To accelerate the world’s transition to sustainable energy.” (Tesla 2025)

Vision Statement

“To create the most compelling car company of the 21st century by driving the world’s transition to electric vehicles.” Tesla also aims broadly for global dominance in sustainable energy and technology solutions across mobility, energy generation, and storage sectors. (Tesla 2025)

Proposal: Tesla eVTOL Aviation Expansion

Outline

Tesla is well-known for its commitment to sustainable energy and technology-driven innovation, and is now well-positioned to enter the rapidly evolving urban air mobility (UAM) sector by launching an advanced, fully electric vertical takeoff and landing (eVTOL) aircraft. This proposal details the strategic rationale, logistics, and market impact, ensuring alignment with Tesla's mission to accelerate the world's transition to sustainable energy. Tesla could develop an electric vertical takeoff and landing (eVTOL) aircraft, leveraging its expertise in advanced battery systems, artificial intelligence, manufacturing, and automotive safety to dominate the emerging urban air mobility market. The project proposal aims to create scalable, zero-emissions air taxis for urban and regional mobility.

Key Drivers

- Tesla's battery and AI technology are uniquely suited for high-performance electric flight.
- The global urban air mobility (UAM) market is projected to reach \$30+ billion annually by 2030 (Spearhead 2025).
- The U.S. government is prioritizing domestic leadership in eVTOL technology for transportation and economic growth (Clayton 2025).

Planning

Strengths: • Industry-leading battery, AI, and EV tech • Vertically integrated manufacturing • Proven brand in sustainability/innovation • Access to SpaceX talent/knowledge	Opportunities: • Urban air mobility market generating rapid global growth (\$30B+ by 2030) • Leverage government support for domestic eVTOL leadership • Synergy with Tesla's existing EV customer base and mobility services • Commercial partnerships (rideshare, logistics, regional travel)
Weakness: • Significant upfront R&D and production costs • Talent recruitment outside automotive sector (cross-pollinate with SpaceX to overcome) • Potential dilution of focus from core EV business • Limited aerospace manufacturing experience (leverage SpaceX partnership to overcome)	Threats: • High certification and regulatory barriers (FAA, global aviation bodies) • Competition from aerospace startups and established OEMs (e.g., Archer, Volocopter) • Battery density and safety standards required for passenger aviation • Rapid technological evolution and risk of obsolescence

Detailed Description and Opportunity

The new idea centers on the development and commercialization of a Tesla eVTOL air taxi. Leveraging Tesla's proprietary battery technology, AI-enabled automation, and Gigafactory manufacturing scale, this aircraft will offer emission-free, on-demand flight for urban and regional travel. As a disruptive opportunity, this expansion utilizes Tesla's strength in sustainable innovation, fulfilling the vision of redefining urban transportation with scalable, zero-emission mobility solutions. The

eVTOL project fits squarely in the opportunities category of SWOT, responding to consumer demand for faster, cleaner, and more efficient travel in congested cities, while broadening Tesla's market reach into aerospace.

Production and Logistics

To execute this project, Tesla would need to create a dedicated eVTOL engineering and production division, possibly leveraging existing manufacturing infrastructure (e.g., Gigafactories), while expanding or building a new facility near an aerospace hub. Initial staffing requirements include approximately 1000 new roles in aerospace engineering, flight testing, regulatory affairs, and modular battery design. Strategic investments could include acquiring or partnering with startups (prototyping, avionics, flight controls) and building a distribution/service network targeting major urban centers. Estimated launch costs could be \$2-3 billion over five years, with potential for parallel synergy with SpaceX for testing & data sharing (Spearhead 2025).

Impact on Company Growth and Market Demand

This move would position Tesla to capture significant market share in the burgeoning urban air mobility sector, estimated at \$27 billion by 2030. With Tesla's established brand and manufacturing scale, conservative projections suggest 2-3% market share in the initial five years, equating to incremental annual revenues of \$5-12 billion (Clayton 2025). The launch of an autonomous eVTOL fleet could eventually rival Tesla's core automotive revenue, further driving market capitalization and investor

returns. this also addresses the competitive threat from Chinese brands by refocusing on high-tech transportation autonomy and sustainability.

The implementation timeline and launch strategy have been structured for methodical execution and risk mitigation. Between Q1 2026 and Q2 2028, Tesla will aim to design, build, and test its flight-ready eVTOL prototypes, culminating in a Spring 2028 debut for market demonstrations and collaborative pilot programs with urban authorities and UAM test sites. Following this, efforts will focus on obtaining crucial FAA and EASA certifications through late 2029, a process involving extensive fleet trials and validation of safety standards. The full public launch is targeted for Spring 2030, a date chosen to align with anticipated regulatory timetables, city infrastructure rollouts, and the seasonal momentum of government investment in sustainable transportation. Strategic partnerships with cities, urban mobility operators, and airport authorities during this period will further support the construction of vertiports and seamless integration into smart city planning, enabling rapid scalability from day one.

Implementation Timeline

Proposed launch for a flight-ready prototype is Spring 2028, with a commercial rollout in 2030. This timeline allows for necessary R&D, FAA/EASA certification, infrastructure development, and establishing public-private partnerships. Selecting Spring for the launch coincides with peak investment cycle for UAM initiatives and regulatory readiness in the U.S. and Europe.

Organizing and Staffing

Tesla's current structure includes divisions for automotive engineering, energy, and AI/ Autonomy (Tesla 2025). The new Aviation division would need to include at least the following: Program Management, Aerospace Engineering & Avionics, Battery and Power Systems, Flight Test Operations, Regulatory Affairs, Service & Maintenance, Product Integration with Tesla Mobility and Energy Divisions, Staffing Needs and Resources.

Tesla will need to hire around 1000 employees across engineering, manufacturing, flight testing, and regulatory compliance – many of which can be brought over from the sibling company SpaceX to save on time and recruitment costs. Outsourcing specialized avionics or flight simulation to SpaceX may be temporarily required. Critical resources include modular battery systems, drone/eVTOL test ranges, simulation software, manufacturing space, and regulatory lobbying.

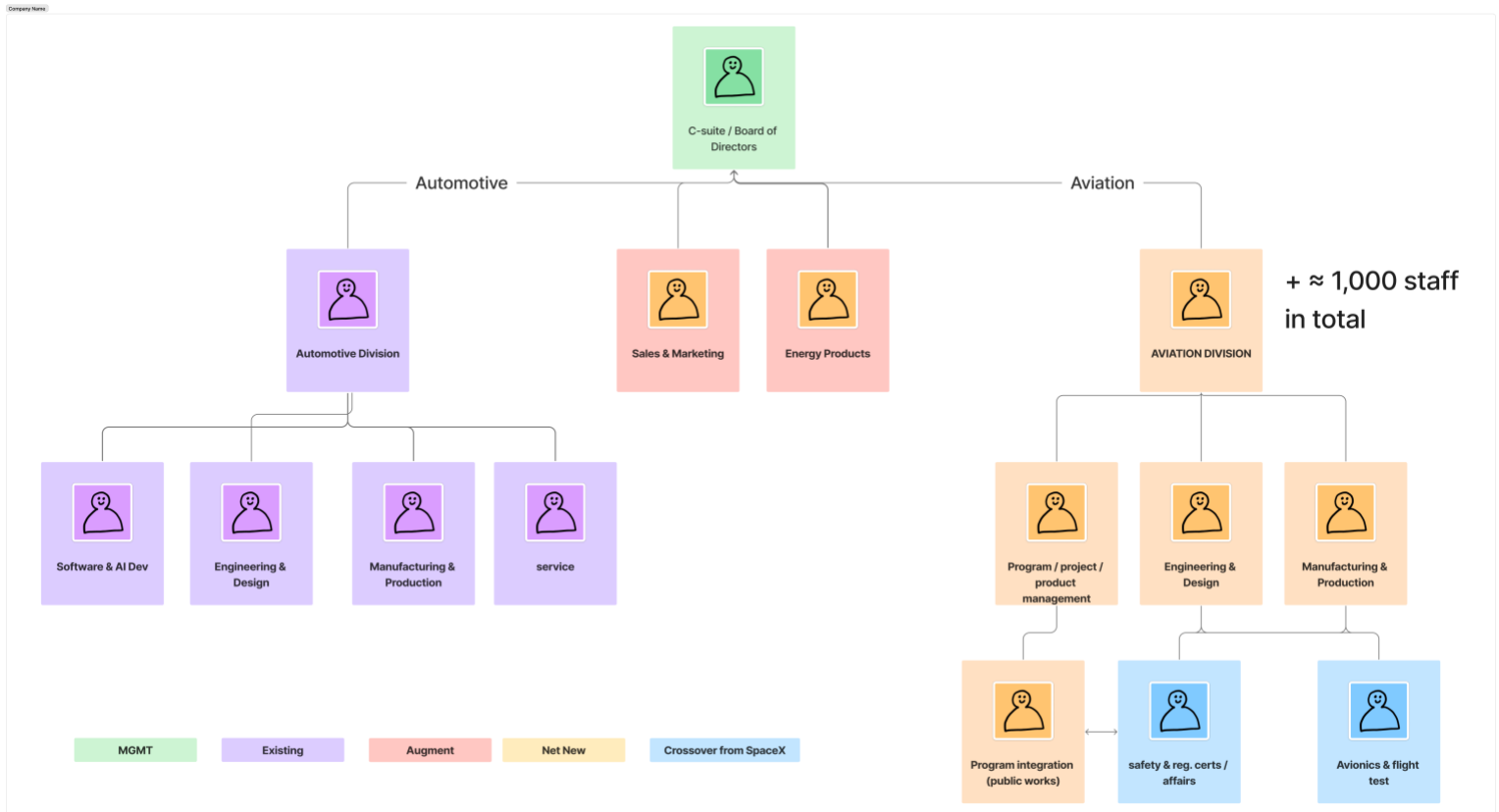


Figure 1: Organizational Chart Update

Key Groups/Departments for eVTOL

To deliver the eVTOL initiative, several new and modified departments are essential:

- **Program Management:** Coordinates project timelines, vendor partnerships, and urban infrastructure rollouts.
- **Aerospace Engineering & Avionics:** Designs flight-ready airframes, propulsion systems, and vehicle autonomy; leverages SpaceX talent for advanced system integration.

- **Battery & Power Systems:** Develops high-density, aviation-grade battery modules building on Tesla's Powerwall technology and SpaceX's power architecture.
- **Flight Test Operations:** Manages test pilots, certification trials, and safety audits; SpaceX flight engineers recommended for prototype validation.
- **Regulatory Affairs:** Handles compliance with FAA/EASA aviation standards, urban flight permissions, and lobbying for airspace access; SpaceX regulatory specialists would be invaluable here.
- **Service & Maintenance:** Organizes vertiport support teams, mobile maintenance, and safety recalls, integrating core Tesla service models.
- **Product Integration:** Ensures eVTOL vehicles interface seamlessly with Tesla Mobility app, Supercharger network, and energy divisions.

SpaceX Crossover Positions

To accelerate the ramp-up, critical crossover positions should be sourced directly from SpaceX:

- Flight Test Engineers
- Battery System Architects
- Regulatory Specialists

These roles will provide expertise in rapid prototyping, flight test analytics, and navigating complex aviation certification environments.

Main Resources Required

Essential resources for the eVTOL initiative:

- Modular, aviation-grade battery systems.
- Dedicated aerospace manufacturing and test facilities.
- Advanced avionics and simulation software platforms.
- Fleet test ranges and prototype aircraft.
- Strategic partnerships with urban planners, network operators, and public transportation authorities.

Cost & Financial Impact Estimate

Implementation costs are estimated at \$3–5 billion in R&D and capital investment over five years. Initial staffing (~1,000 people) and facility setup drive upfront costs, but crossover hiring from SpaceX can reduce recruitment and training expenses. Breakeven is anticipated by 2035, with initial annual revenues of \$1–2 billion in early deployment phases and ramping to \$20 billion annually post mass adoption. While margins will be challenged until certification is achieved and volumes scale, the initiative leverages Tesla's brand, manufacturing scale, and technological synergies to drive rapid growth and mitigate competitive threats. Strategic partnerships with cities

and public transit networks enable rapid deployment and utilization, supporting strong revenue ramp as the sector matures.

Financial Sensitivity Analysis

Key revenue scenarios

Conservative Scenario: \$1 billion annual revenue by 2030, breakeven in 8–9 years at modest adoption rates.

Aggressive Scenario: \$5–12 billion per year minimum with rapid market share gains and urban partnerships, breakeven as early as five years if certification is expedited.

Variable costs (staff, R&D, certification trials) are projected to decrease with economies of scale, while fixed costs (facility, overhead) can be amortized over broader mobility sectors. Sensitivity to regulatory delay, battery cost escalation, or sluggish city adoption may push breakeven to 10+ years, but partnerships and early integration with shared transport networks offer upside.

Scenario	Estimated Annual Revenue	Breakeven Timeline	Notes
Conservative	\$1B	8–9 years	Slow urban adoption, regulatory delays
Moderate	\$5B	5–6 years	City partnership pilots, strong growth
Aggressive	\$12B+	5 years	Global rollout, mass adoption, networked with public transit

Strategic Differentiators

Competitive differentiation against established aerospace startups will require disciplined alignment of the team around Tesla's unique strengths: vertical integration, software and autonomy expertise, battery technology, and manufacturing scale. Tesla's eVTOL will stand out from competitors through its focus on AI-driven autonomy and robust aerospace-grade engineering, which ensure high levels of safety paired with transparent incident protocols modeled after the company's established automotive safety standards. This commitment to safety is matched by a pricing strategy that leverages Tesla's global manufacturing scale to keep production costs lower than those of rivals, while city subsidies and partnerships with mobility networks enhance cost efficiency even further.

The service model is designed for user convenience, featuring seamless app-based scheduling, integration with Tesla's existing mobility and electric vehicle services, and a distributed network of vertiport maintenance teams. Furthermore, strategic partnerships formed early with urban planners, airport authorities, and public transportation agencies enable the securement of key routes and infrastructure, facilitating regulatory alignment and supporting widespread adoption. By combining technological innovation, operational scale, and cross-sector collaboration, Tesla's eVTOL proposal not only strengthens the company's leadership in sustainable urban

mobility but also delivers a safe, affordable, and scalable air transport solution that is difficult for competitors to match.

Leading and Controlling

Leadership Style

A transformational and collaborative leadership style is essential. By articulating a vision for eVTOL innovation, fostering cross-disciplinary teams (automotive, AI, aerospace), and establishing iterative feedback cycles, implementation will be rapid and adaptive. Constant stakeholder engagement will empower teams and reassure investors of strategic risks.

My leadership style, rooted in thoughtful and transparent communication, kindness and understanding, alignment toward shared goals, and freedom to execute without unnecessary red tape, will be instrumental in successfully launching this new idea. By clearly communicating the vision, objectives, and expected outcomes, I can ensure that both the team and senior leadership understand not just what we are doing, but why it matters. This transparency builds trust and minimizes resistance, especially during early implementation when uncertainty is highest.

Leading with kindness and understanding will help the team navigate the inevitable challenges associated with a new initiative. When people feel supported and heard, they are more likely to share honest feedback, raise concerns early, and propose

creative solutions. This is essential for continuous improvement and for quickly identifying issues that could impact the quality or effectiveness of the product or service. At the same time, aligning everyone's efforts toward a clear, common set of goals will keep cross-functional teams focused on shared outcomes rather than individual departmental priorities. This alignment will also guide the development of meaningful performance indicators and evaluation criteria.

From a control standpoint, the company will evaluate the product or service using predefined success metrics tied to usage, customer satisfaction, operational performance, and financial results. Regular review cycles will allow leadership to compare actual performance against targets and make informed decisions about necessary adjustments. Feedback will be gathered through structured channels such as surveys, direct customer and employee input, and ongoing performance reviews. My commitment to transparent communication will ensure that this feedback is not only collected but also shared, discussed, and acted upon in a visible and accountable way.

The leadership and control framework outlined in this proposal ensures that this ambition is grounded in disciplined execution. Clear governance, safety-first testing, iterative feedback loops with regulators and communities, and early success indicators tied to prototype performance will allow Tesla to manage risk while still moving aggressively.

If the product or service underperforms, my approach will focus on learning rather than blame. We will conduct root-cause analysis to determine whether issues stem from design, process, training, or market fit and then implement targeted corrective actions. Whenever major changes are needed, we will introduce them in a controlled, test-driven manner to limit risk while still moving forward. If, after genuine remediation efforts, the offering still fails to meet expectations, I will work with leadership to responsibly pivot and redesign our new product line in a way that minimizes negative impacts. Throughout this process, my leadership style will help maintain trust, encourage honest dialogue, and keep the team committed to delivering a high-quality, responsive solution.

Control Points

Product and prototype evaluations will be conducted via integrated flight test programs, public demonstrations, and rigorous safety audits (Cohen 2024). Feedback gathered via customer pilots, urban partners, and regulatory agencies, and continuous monitoring of operational aircraft in service.

Addressing shortcomings through rapid engineering sprints, open patent sharing, and transparent incident investigation-mirroring Tesla's approach in automotive safety and product recalls.

Challenges

Several challenges could temper momentum. Foremost among these is the intricate process of aviation certification, which mandates rigorous compliance with airworthiness, operational safety, advanced battery standards, and pilot training protocols (Hernandez 2024). Criminally, maintaining up-close regulatory partnerships and open data exchange will be crucial. While production costs are expected to fall due to Tesla's process innovations, initial units are likely to be priced at a premium. Public acceptance regarding safety, noise, and aerial privacy is another critical hurdle. Tesla will therefore invest in comprehensive community outreach to foster trust and encourage early adoption. Finally, the relentless pace of technological innovation, especially in batteries and autonomous flight, will require Tesla to maintain aggressive R&D investment to remain ahead of established aerospace OEMs and fresh entrants alike.

Public Perceptions on Safety

Public perceptions, specifically around safety, will be central to the successful rollout of Tesla's urban air mobility concept. Because the public is often skeptical of new aviation technologies, especially autonomous or semi-autonomous passenger vehicles, our approach will emphasize clear communication about risk, safety standards, and certification milestones. By proactively sharing how Tesla meets or exceeds FAA and other regulatory requirements, publishing safety data where appropriate, and engaging with communities through outreach, *demonstrations*, and simulations, I can help build

trust and demystify the technology. Leading with understanding of the public's trepidation will be critical in addressing concerns about noise, airspace congestion, equity of access, and environmental impact, then noticeably integrating this feedback into design and operational decisions.

Conclusion

As the eVTOL program scales, shareholders stand to benefit from diversified revenue streams, strengthened technological moat, and an enhanced brand as the global leader in sustainable, intelligent transportation. For cities and citizens, the payoff will be faster travel, lower emissions, and a visible demonstration that high-performance innovation can coexist with environmental responsibility. This initiative is not just a compelling new product line; it is a strategic growth platform that advances Tesla's mission, increases long-term shareholder wealth, and delivers meaningful societal benefits. In conclusion, Tesla expanding into eVTOL aviation is a bold, strategic move perfectly aligned with its mission to drive sustainable, transformative mobility. The initiative would generate significant new revenue, mitigate competitive threats, and establish Tesla as a cross-sector technology leader. With proven expertise, a visionary leadership approach, and a commitment to sustainability, Tesla is positioned to redefine urban mobility and deliver extraordinary value to shareholders, customers, and society.

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